

## Using bilingual dictionaries: Assessment quiz

Directions:

- You have 15 minutes to complete the quiz.
- Use a bilingual dictionary.
- Circle the best answer.

1. The part of speech called an article (the, a, an, some) comes before a noun and in some languages, such as Spanish, agrees with the noun in number and gender. What are the articles needed before the nouns in the following sentence?  
\_\_\_\_\_ *niños comen* \_\_\_\_\_ *papas*.
  - a. Los, los
  - b. El, las
  - c. Las, los
  - d. Los, las
2. Search for the word “*camino*” in the dictionary and tell what part of speech it is in the context of this sentence: *El Camino Real está en California*.
  - a. noun
  - b. pronoun
  - c. transitive verb
  - d. intransitive verb
3. In the Spanish definitions of the English word “time,” in what field is the word *compás*?
  - a. music, false cognate
  - b. navigation, cognate
  - c. music, cognate
  - d. navigation, false cognate
4. The reason verbs are either transitive (vt) or intransitive (vi) is determined by whether or not they have a direct object. Analyze the following sentence and determine if the verb is vt or vi and which word is the direct object: *Doy un paseo a mi perro en el parque*.
  - a. vi, no direct object
  - b. vt, paseo
  - c. vt, perro
  - d. vt, parquet

5. The rules for the formation of a sentence, called syntax, are different in each language. That is why:
- a. four words in one sentence in one language might be three words in the second language
  - b. adjectives come before nouns they modify in one language and after the nouns in a second language
  - c. some languages use two types of “you,” formal and informal, while a second language might not
  - d. all of the above

ANSWER KEY: 1.d, 2.a, 3.a, 4. b, 5. d